

2008 Health Rankings

Georgia and Georgia's Children



Healthcare Georgia Foundation
grantmaking for health



About 2008 Health Rankings: Georgia and Georgia's Children

This tool is shaped by Healthcare Georgia Foundation's vision for a healthy Georgia, a desire that is grounded by the need for effective, organized, and sustained efforts to address current and emerging health problems. This requires the systematic collection, analysis and dissemination of information on the health of individuals and communities across our state.

History reminds us that Georgia too often has faltered in efforts to measurably improve the health of its residents. Data show us that we have become complacent by allowing poor health conditions to persist long after problems have been identified and solutions developed. From the data, we can see first hand the effects of declining resources and cutbacks on health programs as progress is replaced by the increased costs of bad outcomes. The data also reveal the state's abundant, yet untapped, resources dedicated to health, and Georgia's potential to be among the states ranked least healthiest.

This report is a call to action — challenging individuals, organizations and communities to fulfill their collective responsibility to assure the conditions in which Georgians can be healthy. Not only does the data tell us where our state is performing poorly, but it also provides a glimpse of the possibilities by providing insight to what other states have achieved from effective leadership, collective action, and committed resources.

The most effective interventions to achieve the main goals of medicine and public health (to help individuals live longer and in good health), do not always receive their rightful place in policy and practice. For example, the United States spends more on healthcare than any other nation, yet our life expectancy is lower than many other countries and we rank poorly on nearly every measure of health.

As we collectively embark on the cusp of healthcare reform, we hope that **2008 Health Rankings: Georgia and Georgia's Children** invites a fresh conversation about the unparalleled opportunity to improve the health of all Georgians. We urge conversations that make the logic of prevention difficult to ignore, and that discussions and decisions are not focused narrowly on healthcare. By embracing the idea that overall health is influenced by multiple factors, including genetics, social circumstances, environmental exposures, behavioral patterns, and quality of care, we can have realistic expectations and make meaningful investments.

*J. M. McGinnis, W. H. Foegen, **Actual Causes of Death in the United States**, Journal of the American Medical Association, 1993*, identified that nearly half of all deaths can be attributed to behavioral factors including tobacco use, diet/activity patterns, alcohol, microbial agents, toxic agents, firearms, sexual behavior, motor vehicles, and illicit drug use. Yet, these are the issues that repeatedly are overlooked in policy, program, and resource allocation decisions.

2008 Health Rankings: Georgia and Georgia's Children represents Healthcare Georgia Foundation's ongoing efforts to monitor and report information about the health status of Georgians. This report is shaped by a fundamental belief that "what gets measured gets done." Data in this report provide more than a ranking of Georgia's health status relative to other states, it provides a compelling statement of need, of benefit, and a demand to unleash the state's potential to be among the healthiest states.

Important Considerations

In this report, the assessment of our state's health in contrast to the performance of the other 49 states highlights our accomplishments, and where Georgia has failed to make program and policy investments. The data allows for: 1) tracking Georgia's progress relative to its past, and; 2) comparing the state's ranking against national objectives (Healthy People 2010).

These numbers tell a compelling story. We hope that such an assessment will lead to sound investments and significant results that improve the health of all Georgians.

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INDICATORS GUIDE

DEMOGRAPHICS

The demographic profile included in this report provides a summary description of the composition and distribution of the state's population. The population is reported by age group intervals, gender, race/ethnicity, citizenship status, geographical distribution, by household type (living arrangement), and children in immigrant families. Any major shift in the demographic characteristics of the state population will have a profound effect on health services and health outcomes.

HEALTH RISKS

Health Risk indicators refer to those individual behaviors, lifestyles, environmental conditions, and community factors that are associated with: 1) protecting and promoting health and wellbeing, or 2) contributing to illness, injury, disease or death. Eleven health risk factors were identified for children and adults. As an example, Georgia ranks poorly on measures of air pollution and high school graduation rates. These risk factors are monitored through a variety of sources including the state's Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System.

HEALTHCARE DELIVERY

Healthcare delivery indicators refer to the structure, delivery, utilization, and financing of health and healthcare services. Forty-two healthcare delivery indicators are reported in five categories: healthcare spending, insurance, preventive services, capacity, and healthcare careers. For example, Georgia ranks poorly on measures related to mental health expenditures, adults who had flu shots last year, and registered nurses per 100,000 population. In contrast, Georgia ranks near the top on measures of individuals receiving PAP tests and PSA tests. These indicators inform efforts to address the performance of the system, improve quality, or identify underserved individuals and communities.

HEALTH OUTCOMES

This report includes indicators related to birth, disability, morbidity, and mortality. Twenty indicators are reported, among which Georgia ranks poorly on percent of low birth weight babies, percent of pre-term births, and percent of adults with diabetes. In contrast, Georgia ranks among the healthiest of states relative to diabetes and cancer death rates.

DISTRIBUTION OF RANKINGS

In this report, Georgia ranks in the top ten healthiest states in ten indicators. PeachCare enrollment in Georgia stands out as an important accomplishment, as it ranks 4th among all states. In contrast, Georgia ranks in the bottom ten unhealthiest states in 15 health indicators. Noteworthy is Georgia's ranking on adults who had a flu shot last year (46th), and percent of incoming 9th graders who graduate from high school (48th).

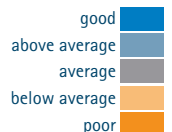


CATEGORY	REFERENCE NO.	INDICATOR*	VALUE OF INDICATOR (GA)	VALUE OF INDICATOR (US)
DEMOGRAPHICS				
Population				
	1	Total Population	9,372,700	298,215,355
Age Distribution				
	2	Children (0-18)	28%	26%
	3	Adults (19-64)	63%	61%
	4	65+	9%	12%
	5	65-74	5%	7%
	6	75+	4%	6%
Gender Distribution				
	7	Male	49%	49%
	8	Female	51%	51%
Race / Ethnicity				
	9	White	59%	66%
	10	Black	29%	12%
	11	Hispanic	8%	15%
	12	Other	4%	7%
Citizenship Status				
	13	Non-Citizen	4%	3%
Urban/Rural Distribution				
	14	Total urban population	71.7%	
	15	Total rural population	28.3%	
Metropolitan Status Distribution				
	16	Metropolitan	85%	84%
	17	Non-Metropolitan	15%	16%

Georgia Health Indicators

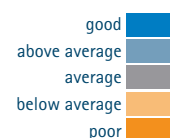


CATEGORY	REFERENCE NO.	INDICATOR*	VALUE OF INDICATOR (GA)	VALUE OF INDICATOR (US)	GEORGIA'S RANK
HEALTH RISKS					
Personal Behaviors					
	1	% of adults who Smoke	19.5%	18.3%	31
	2	% of adults who participated in any Physical Activity in the past month	75.3%	77.4%	37
	3	% of Safety Belt usage	89.0%	82.0%	14
	4	% of population who are Illicit Drug Users	7.8%	8.2%	19
	5	% of adults who are Binge Drinkers	13.9%	15.6%	19
Community Factors					
	6	% of children in Poverty	20.6%	18%	41
	7	Violent Crime Rate (offenses pr 100,000 population)	493	467	34
	8	High School Graduation (% of incoming 9th graders)	61.7%	74.7%	48
	9	Occupational Fatalities (deaths per 100,000 workers)	6	5.2	25
	10	Infectious Disease (cases per 100,000 population)	29.4	20.1	47
	11	Air Pollution (micrograms of fine particles per cubic meter)	15.9	13.1	50
HEALTH CARE DELIVERY					
Spending					
	12	Per capita Public Health Spending	\$75	\$88	22
	13	Per capita expenditures on Mental Health	\$48.98	\$99.55	44
	14	Total Medicaid Expenditures	\$6,844,102,301	\$315,771,772,844	13
	15	Per capita expenditures for SCHIP	\$35.45	\$19.69	4
Insurance					
	16	% of population with Insurance	82.5%	84.7%	41
	17	% of population without Insurance	17.8%	15.4%	41
	18	% of population covered by Private Insurance	66.5%	67.5%	34
	19	% of population covered by Employer based Insurance	60.4%	59.3%	28
	20	% of population covered by Direct Purchase Insurance	6.7%	8.9%	43
	21	% of population covered by Government Insurance	26.2%	27.8%	34
	22	% of children with Insurance	88.5%	89.0%	37
	23	% of children without Insurance	11.5%	11.0%	37
	24	% of children covered by Private Insurance	61.4%	64.2%	37
	25	% of children covered by Employer based Insurance	58.3%	59.5%	35
	26	% of children covered by Direct Purchase Insurance	3.6%	5.3%	42



Georgia Health Indicators

CATEGORY	REFERENCE NO.	INDICATOR*	VALUE OF INDICATOR (GA)	VALUE OF INDICATOR (US)	GEORGIA'S RANK
HEALTH CARE DELIVERY (continued)					
	27	% of children covered by Government Insurance	35.4%	31.0%	13
	28	Medicaid enrollment	1,502,000	45,962,000	9
	29	Medicare enrollees	1,110,510	44,263,111	11
Preventive Services					
	30	% of women (40+) who had a Mammogram in past 2 years	78.9%	76%	12
	31	% of women (18+) who had a Pap Test in past 3 years	87.5%	82.7%	2
	32	% of men (40+) receiving a PSA test in past 2 years	61%	54.7%	4
	33	% of adults (50+) who have ever had a Sigmoidoscopy or Colonoscopy	62.1%	62.1%	25
	34	Adults (18-64) who have been tested for HIV	42.9%		
	35	% of mothers receiving late or no Prenatal Care	4.1%	3.6%	37
	36	Adequacy of Prenatal Care (Percent of pregnant women)	68.3%	N/A	N/A
	37	% of children (19-35 months) with Immunization Coverage	80.8%	80.1%	19
	38	Adults (65+) who had a Flu Shot last year	65.2%	71%	47
	39	Adults (65+) who have ever had a Pneumonia shot	65.2%	66.9%	40
Capacity					
	40	Rate of Community Hospitals (per 100,000 population)	1.5	1.6	29
	41	% of Community Hospitals in Urban Areas	55.8	59.2	25
	42	% of Community Hospitals in Rural Areas	44.2	40.8	26
	43	Emergency Room (ER) Visits	3,747,532	120,811,299	41
	44	Hospital ER visits per 1,000 population	393	401	21
	45	Preventable Hospitalizations (number per 1,000 Medicare enrollees)	82	78.4	35
	46	Medicare & Medicaid Certified Facilities	8,560	272,480	9
	47	Medicare & Medicaid Certified Hospitals	178	6,108	9
	48	Medicare & Medicaid Certified Rural Health Clinics	88	3,760	16
	49	Medicare & Medicaid Certified Home Health Agencies	101	9,731	25
	50	Medicare & Medicaid Certified Nursing Care Facilities	358	15,718	17
	51	Number of Rural Health Clinics	95	3,781	16
	52	Primary Care Physicians	8,071	298,267	12
	53	Registered Nurses (per 100,000 population)	653	819	44

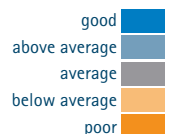


* Source information and notes on indicators (designated by reference numbers) are attached

** National median



CATEGORY	REFERENCE NO.	INDICATOR*	VALUE OF INDICATOR (GA)	VALUE OF INDICATOR (US)	GEORGIA'S RANK
Access					
	54	% of population without access to Primary Care	15.2%	11.3%	36
	55	% of population without access to Mental Health Care	29.2%	17.7%	31
	56	% of population without access to Dental Care	9.6%	9.8%	29
HEALTH OUTCOMES					
Birth					
	57	% of Low Birthweight babies	9.6%	8.3%	45
	58	% of Pre-Term Births	14.1%	12.8%	43
	59	Teenage Birth Rate (live births per 1,000 females 15-19 years old)	54.2	41.9	41
Disability					
	60	% of persons with a Disability	18.5	20.5	9
Morbidity					
	61	% of adults with Asthma	8.4%	8.7%	17
	62	% of adults with Diabetes	9.8%	8.2%	41
	63	% of Adults who are Obese	28.7%	26.3%	39
	64	% of Overweight high school students	18.2%	15.8%	38
	65	Poor Mental Health Days (days in previous 30 days)	3.6	3.4	38
	66	Poor Physical Health Days (days in previous 30 days)	3.6	3.6	30
Mortality					
	67	Infant Mortality rate (infant deaths per 1,000 live births)	8	6.8	40
	68	Death rate (total deaths per 100,000 population)	692.1	801.6	6
	69	Cancer Death rate (deaths per 100,000 population)	155.3	186	6
	70	Death rate by Cerebrovascular Diseases (deaths per 100,000 population)	42.5	48.4	12
	71	Death rate by Heart Diseases (deaths per 100,000 population)	185	220	12
	72	Death rate by Injury (deaths per 100,000 population)	59.5	58.6	21
	73	Death rate by HIV/AIDS (deaths per 100,000 population)	7.3	4.2	33
	74	Death rate by Diabetes Mellitus (deaths per 100,000 population)	19.2	25.3	5
	75	Premature Death (years lost per 100,00 population)	8,417	7,490	39
	76	Geographic Disparity	12.8%	16.8%	35



10 LEADING CAUSES OF DEATH, GEORGIA 2006, BOTH SEXES, ALL RACES, ALL AGES

1	Heart Disease
2	Malignant Neoplasms
3	Cerebrovascular
4	Unintentional Injury
5	Chronic Lower Respiratory Disease
6	Alzheimer's Disease
7	Nephritis
8	Diabetes Mellitus
9	Influenza & Pneumonia
10	Septicemia

SOURCE: National Center for Injury Prevention and Control
<http://webapp.cdc.gov/sasweb/ncipc/leadcaus10.html>

10 LEADING CAUSES OF DEATH, UNITED STATES 2006, BOTH SEXES, ALL RACES, ALL AGES

1	Heart Disease
2	Malignant Neoplasms
3	Cerebrovascular
4	Chronic Lower Respiratory Disease
5	Unintentional Injury
6	Diabetes Mellitus
7	Alzheimer's Disease
8	Influenza & Pneumonia
9	Nephritis
10	Septicemia

SOURCE: National Center for Injury Prevention and Control
<http://webapp.cdc.gov/sasweb/ncipc/leadcaus10.html>

*deaths per 100,000 population

Georgia Health Rankings



INDICATORS WITH RANK: 1-10	RANK
% of women (18+) who had a Pap Test in past 3 years	2
% of men (40+) receiving a PSA test in past 2 years	4
Per capita expenditures for SCHIP	4
Death rate by Diabetes Mellitus (deaths per 100,000 population)	5
Cancer Death rate (deaths per 100,000 population)	6
Death rate (total deaths per 100,000 population)	6
% of persons with a Disability	9
Medicaid enrollment	9
Medicare & Medicaid Certified Facilities	9
Medicare & Medicaid Certified Hospitals	9

TOTAL INDICATORS 10

INDICATORS WITH RANK: 11-20	RANK
Medicare enrollees	11
% of women (40+) who had a Mammogram in past 2 years	12
Death rate by Cerebrovascular Diseases (deaths per 100,000 population)	12
Death rate by Heart Diseases (deaths per 100,000 population)	12
Primary Care Physicians	12
% of children covered by Government Insurance	13
Total Medicaid Expenditures	13
% of Safety Belt usage	14
Medicare & Medicaid Certified Rural Health Clinics	16
Number of Rural Health Clinics	16
% of adults with Asthma	17
Medicare & Medicaid Certified Nursing Care Facilities	17
% of adults who are Binge Drinkers	19
% of children (19-35 months) with Immunization Coverage	19
% of population who are Illicit Drug Users	19

TOTAL INDICATORS 15

INDICATORS WITH RANK: 21-30	RANK
Death rate by Injury (deaths per 100,000 population)	21
Hospital ER visits per 1,000 population	21
Per capita Public Health Spending	22
% of Community Hospitals in Urban Areas	25

Georgia Health Rankings

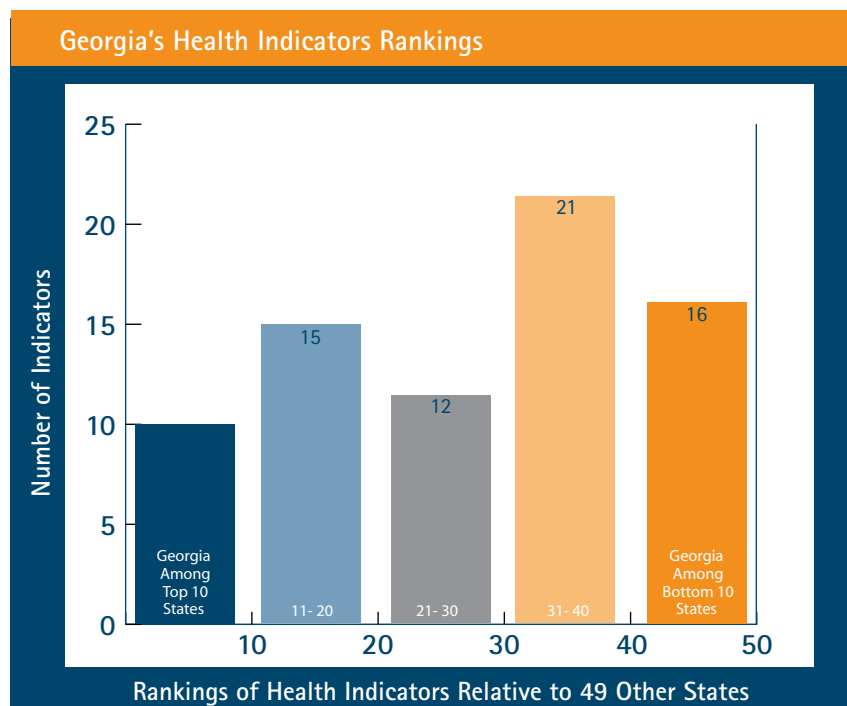
% of adults (50+) who have ever had a Sigmoidoscopy or Colonoscopy	25
Medicare & Medicaid Certified Home Health Agencies	25
Occupational Fatalities (deaths per 100,000 workers)	25
% of Community Hospitals in Rural Areas	26
% of population covered by Employer based Insurance	28
% of population without access to Dental Care	29
Rate of Community Hospitals (per 100,000 population)	29
Poor Physical Health Days (days in previous 30 days)	30
TOTAL INDICATORS	12

INDICATORS WITH RANK: 31-40	RANK
% of adults who Smoke	31
% of population without access to Mental Health Care	31
Death rate by HIV/AIDS (deaths per 100,000 population)	33
% of population covered by Government Insurance	34
% of population covered by Private Insurance	34
Violent Crime rate (offenses pr 100,000 population)	34
% of children covered by Employer based Insurance	35
Geographic Disparity	35
Preventable Hospitalizations (number per 1,000 Medicare enrollees)	35
% of population without access to Primary Care	36
% of adults who participated in any Physical Activity in the past month	37
% of children covered by Private Insurance	37
% of children with Insurance	37
% of children without Insurance	37
% of mothers receiving late or no Prenatal Care	37
% of Overweight high school students	38
Poor Mental Health Days (days in previous 30 days)	38
% of Adults who are Obese	39
Premature Death (years lost per 100,00 population)	39
Adults (65+) who have ever had a Pneumonia shot	40
Infant Mortality rate (infant deaths per 1,000 live births)	40
TOTAL INDICATORS	21



Georgia Health Rankings

INDICATORS WITH RANK: 41-50	RANK
% of adults with Diabetes	41
% of children in Poverty	41
% of population with Insurance	41
% of population without Insurance	41
Emergency Room (ER) visits	41
Teenage Birth Rate (live births per 1,000 females 15-19 years old)	41
% of children covered by Direct Purchase Insurance	42
% of population covered by Direct Purchase Insurance	43
% of Pre-Term Births	43
Per capita expenditures on Mental Health	44
Registered Nurses per 100,000 population	44
% of Low Birthweight babies	45
Adults (65+) who had a Flu Shot last year	47
Infectious Disease (cases per 100,000 population)	47
High School Graduation (% of incoming 9th graders)	48
Air Pollution (micrograms of fine particles per cubic meter)	50
TOTAL INDICATORS	16
Adequacy of Prenatal Care (Percent of pregnant women)	N/A
Adults (18-64) who have been tested for HIV	N/A



Georgia Demographics Sources



SERIAL NO.	YEAR OF DATA	SECONDARY SOURCES OF INDICATORS	PRIMARY SOURCES OF INDICATORS
1	GA:2006-2007, U.S.: 2007	Kaiser Family Foundation (Statehealthfacts.org)	Current Population Survey, U.S. Census Bureau, March 2007 and 2008
2	GA:2006-2007, U.S.: 2007	Kaiser Family Foundation (Statehealthfacts.org)	Current Population Survey, U.S. Census Bureau, March 2007 and 2008
3	GA:2006-2007, U.S.: 2007	Kaiser Family Foundation (Statehealthfacts.org)	Current Population Survey, U.S. Census Bureau, March 2007 and 2008
4	GA:2006-2007, U.S.: 2007	Kaiser Family Foundation (Statehealthfacts.org)	Current Population Survey, U.S. Census Bureau, March 2007 and 2008
5	GA:2006-2007, U.S.: 2007	Kaiser Family Foundation (Statehealthfacts.org)	Current Population Survey, U.S. Census Bureau, March 2007 and 2008
6	GA:2006-2007, U.S.: 2007	Kaiser Family Foundation (Statehealthfacts.org)	Current Population Survey, U.S. Census Bureau, March 2007 and 2008
7	GA:2006-2007, U.S.: 2007	Kaiser Family Foundation (Statehealthfacts.org)	Current Population Survey, U.S. Census Bureau, March 2007 and 2008
8	GA:2006-2007, U.S.: 2007	Kaiser Family Foundation (Statehealthfacts.org)	Current Population Survey, U.S. Census Bureau, March 2007 and 2008
9	GA:2006-2007, U.S.: 2007	Kaiser Family Foundation (Statehealthfacts.org)	Current Population Survey, U.S. Census Bureau, March 2007 and 2008
10	GA:2006-2007, U.S.: 2007	Kaiser Family Foundation (Statehealthfacts.org)	Current Population Survey, U.S. Census Bureau, March 2007 and 2008
11	GA:2006-2007, U.S.: 2007	Kaiser Family Foundation (Statehealthfacts.org)	Current Population Survey, U.S. Census Bureau, March 2007 and 2008
12	GA:2006-2007, U.S.: 2007	Kaiser Family Foundation (Statehealthfacts.org)	Current Population Survey, U.S. Census Bureau, March 2007 and 2008
13	GA:2006-2007, U.S.: 2007	Kaiser Family Foundation (Statehealthfacts.org)	Current Population Survey, U.S. Census Bureau, March 2007 and 2008
14	2000	The Georgia County Guide, page 119	www.census.gov/census2000/states/ga.html
15	2000	The Georgia County Guide, page 119	www.census.gov/census2000/states/ga.html
16	GA:2006-2007, U.S.: 2007	Kaiser Family Foundation (Statehealthfacts.org)	Current Population Survey, U.S. Census Bureau, March 2007 and 2008
17	GA:2006-2007, U.S.: 2007	Kaiser Family Foundation (Statehealthfacts.org)	Current Population Survey, U.S. Census Bureau, March 2007 and 2008

Georgia Health Indicators Sources



REFERENCE NO.	YEAR OF DATA	SECONDARY SOURCES OF INDICATORS	PRIMARY SOURCES OF INDICATORS	NOTES ON INDICATORS
1	2008	BRFSS (http://apps.nccd.cdc.gov/brfss/)	BRFSS (http://apps.nccd.cdc.gov/brfss/)	Adults (18+) who are current smokers
2	2007	BRFSS (http://apps.nccd.cdc.gov/brfss/)	BRFSS (http://apps.nccd.cdc.gov/brfss/)	Adults (18+) who participated in physical activities within the past month
3	2007	Heath Care State Rankings 2009, pg 528	U.S. Department of Transportation, NHTSA, "Seat Belt Use in 2007" : www-nrd.nhtsa.dot.gov/Pubs/810949	National Highway Traffic Safety Administration (NHTSA)
4	2006	Heath Care State Rankings 2009, pg 515	DHHS, SAMHSA (2005-2006 National Surveys on Drug Use and Health)	12+ who used any illicit drug at least once within month of survey
5	2008	BRFSS (http://apps.nccd.cdc.gov/brfss/)	BRFSS (http://apps.nccd.cdc.gov/brfss/)	Males having five or more drinks on one occasion, females having four or more drinks on one occasion
6	2007	America's Health Rankings (http://www.americashealthrankings.org/2008/poverty.html)	Current Population Survey, U.S. Census Bureau, March 2008	Percent of persons under age 18
7	2007	America's Health Rankings (http://www.americashealthrankings.org/2008/crime.html)	Federal Bureau of Investigation (Crime in the United States: 2007)	annual number of murders, rapes, robberies and aggravated assaults per 100,000 population
8	2004-2005	America's Health Rankings (http://www.americashealthrankings.org/2008/graduation.html)	National Center for Education Statistics, Washington, D.C., U.S. Department of Education	% of incoming ninth graders who graduate within four years and are considered regular graduates
9	2005-2007	America's Health Rankings (http://www.americashealthrankings.org/2008/occupational.html)	Census of Fatal Occupational Injuries, Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Washington, D.C.	Number of fatalities from occupational injuries per 100,000 workers
10	2005-2007	America's Health Rankings (http://www.americashealthrankings.org/2008/disease.html)	Mortality and Morbidity Weekly Reports, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, http://www.cdc.gov/mmwr/	Number of AIDS, tuberculosis and hepatitis (A and B) cases reported to the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention per 100,000 population
11	2005-2007	America's Health Rankings (http://www.americashealthrankings.org/2008/air.html)	U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Washington, D.C. and the U.S. Census Bureau, Washington, D.C.	The average exposure of the general public to particulate matter of 2.5 microns or less in size (PM2.5).

Georgia Health Indicators Sources

REFERENCE NO.	YEAR OF DATA	SECONDARY SOURCES OF INDICATORS	PRIMARY SOURCES OF INDICATORS	NOTES ON INDICATORS
12	2005-2006	America's Health Rankings (http://www.americashealthrankings.org/2008/funding.html)	Trust for America's Health, 2005-2006	
13	2005	Kaiser Family Foundation (Statehealthfacts.org)	National Association of State Mental Health Program Directors Research Institute, Inc (NRI) http://www.nri-inc.org/projects/Profiles/RevExp2005/T20.pdf	State Mental Health Agency (SMHA), Per Capita Mental Health Services Expenditures
14	2007	Heath Care State Rankings 2009, pg 293	DHHS, CMS "2008 Data Compendium" (http://www.cms.hhs.gov/DataCompendium); CMS-64 Reports	
15	2007	Heath Care State Rankings 2009, pg 268	CMS 'Statement of Expenditures for the SCHIP Program' (CMS-21 Report)	
16	2007	Heath Care State Rankings 2009, pg 251	U.S. Census Bureau, (www.census.gov/hhes/www/hlthins/hlthin07.html)	
17	2007	Heath Care State Rankings 2009, pg 245	U.S. Census Bureau, (www.census.gov/hhes/www/hlthins/hlthin07.html)	
18	2007	Heath Care State Rankings 2009, pg 252	U.S. Census Bureau, (www.census.gov/hhes/www/hlthins/hlthin07.html)	
19	2007	Heath Care State Rankings 2009, pg 253	U.S. Census Bureau, (www.census.gov/hhes/www/hlthins/hlthin07.html)	
20	2007	Heath Care State Rankings 2009, pg 254	U.S. Census Bureau, (www.census.gov/hhes/www/hlthins/hlthin07.html)	
21	2007	Heath Care State Rankings 2009, pg 255	U.S. Census Bureau, (www.census.gov/hhes/www/hlthins/hlthin07.html)	Includes Medicaid, Medicare, SCHIP, and military health care
22	2007	Heath Care State Rankings 2009, pg 257	U.S. Census Bureau, (www.census.gov/hhes/www/hlthins/hlthin07.html)	Children under 18 years old covered by private or government health insurance
23	2007	Heath Care State Rankings 2009, pg 249	U.S. Census Bureau, (www.census.gov/hhes/www/hlthins/hlthin07.html)	Children under 18 years old
24	2007	Heath Care State Rankings 2009, pg 258	U.S. Census Bureau, (www.census.gov/hhes/www/hlthins/hlthin07.html)	Children under 18 years old
25	2007	Heath Care State Rankings 2009, pg 259	U.S. Census Bureau, (www.census.gov/hhes/www/hlthins/hlthin07.html)	Children under 18 years old
26	2007	Heath Care State Rankings 2009, pg 260	U.S. Census Bureau, Current Population Survey, 2008 Annual Social and Economic Supplement	Children under 18 years old
27	2007	Heath Care State Rankings 2009, pg 261	U.S. Census Bureau, (www.census.gov/hhes/www/hlthins/hlthin07.html)	Children under 18. Includes Medicaid, Medicare, SCHIP and military health care

Georgia Health Indicators Sources



REFERENCE NO.	YEAR OF DATA	SECONDARY SOURCES OF INDICATORS	PRIMARY SOURCES OF INDICATORS	NOTES ON INDICATORS
28	2007	Heath Care State Rankings 2009, pg 285	DHHS, CMS "2007 Medicaid Managed Care Enrollment Report" (http://www.cms.hhs.gov/MedicaidDataSourcesGenInfo)	
29	2007	Heath Care State Rankings 2009, pg 275	DHHS, CMS "2008 Data Compendium" (http://www.cms.hhs.gov/DataCompendium)	
30	2008	BRFSS (http://apps.nccd.cdc.gov/brfss/)	BRFSS (http://apps.nccd.cdc.gov/brfss/)	
31	2008	BRFSS (http://apps.nccd.cdc.gov/brfss/)	BRFSS (http://apps.nccd.cdc.gov/brfss/)	
32	2008	BRFSS (http://apps.nccd.cdc.gov/brfss/)	BRFSS (http://apps.nccd.cdc.gov/brfss/)	
33	2008	BRFSS (http://apps.nccd.cdc.gov/brfss/)	BRFSS (http://apps.nccd.cdc.gov/brfss/)	
34	2006	BRFSS (http://www.health.state.ga.us/pdfs/epi/BrfssReport2006.pdf)	BRFSS (http://www.health.state.ga.us/pdfs/epi/BrfssReport2006.pdf)	
35	2006	Heath Care State Rankings 2009, pg 64	NCHS "National Vital Statistics Reports" (Vol. 57, No. 7, January 7, 2009)	"Late" means care begun in 3rd trimester. Rank out of 32 states
36	2005	America's Health Rankings (http://www.americashealthrankings.org/2008/prenatal.html)	National Center for Health Statistics, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention	% of pregnant women receiving adequate prenatal care, as defined by Kotelchuck's Adequacy of Prenatal Care Utilization (APNCU) Index
37	2007	America's Health Rankings (http://www.americashealthrankings.org/2008/immunization.html)	National Immunization Program, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention	Percentage of children ages 19 to 35 months who have received 4+ doses of DTP, 3+ doses of poliovirus vaccine, 1+ doses of any measles-containing vaccine, 3+ doses of HiB, and 3+ doses of HepB vaccine
38	2008	BRFSS (http://apps.nccd.cdc.gov/brfss/)	BRFSS (http://apps.nccd.cdc.gov/brfss/)	
39	2008	BRFSS (http://apps.nccd.cdc.gov/brfss/)	BRFSS (http://apps.nccd.cdc.gov/brfss/)	
40	2007	Heath Care State Rankings 2009, pg 190	AHA "Hospital Statistics" (2009 ed.)	
41	2007	Heath Care State Rankings 2009, pg 193	AHA "Hospital Statistics" (2009 ed.)	
42	2007	Heath Care State Rankings 2009, pg 195	AHA "Hospital Statistics" (2009 ed.)	
43	2007	Heath Care State Rankings 2009, pg 208	AHA "Hospital Statistics" (2009 ed.)	Emergency Outpatient Visits to Community Hospitals
44	2007	Kaiser Family Foundation (Statehealthfacts.org)	2007 AHA Annual Surveys	

Georgia Health Indicators Sources

REFERENCE NO.	YEAR OF DATA	SECONDARY SOURCES OF INDICATORS	PRIMARY SOURCES OF INDICATORS	NOTES ON INDICATORS
45	2005	America's Health Rankings (http://www.americashealthrankings.org/2008/hospitalizations.html)	The Dartmouth Atlas of Health Care, The Dartmouth Institute for Health Policy and Clinical Research	Discharge rate among the Medicare population for diagnoses that are amenable to non-hospital based care
46	2009	Heath Care State Rankings 2009, pg 209	CMS OSCAR Report 10 (January 05, 2009)	
47	2009	Heath Care State Rankings 2009, pg 210	CMS OSCAR Report 10 (January 05, 2009)	
48	2009	Heath Care State Rankings 2009, pg 221	CMS OSCAR Report 10 (January 05, 2009)	
49	2009	Heath Care State Rankings 2009, pg 222	CMS OSCAR Report 10 (January 05, 2009)	
50	2009	Heath Care State Rankings 2009, pg 225	CMS OSCAR Database (January 05, 2009)	
51	2008	Kaiser Family Foundation (Statehealthfacts.org)	CMS Rural Health Center, Medicare Certified Rural Health Clinics http://www.cms.hhs.gov/center/rural.asp .	
52	2007	Heath Care State Rankings 2009, pg 421	AMA "Physician Characteristics and Distribution in the United States" (2009 ed.)	Primary Care Specialties include Family Practice, General Practice, Internal Medicine, Obstetrics/ Gynecology, and Pediatrics excluding subspecialties within each category
53	2007	Heath Care State Rankings 2009, pg 469	U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics "Occupational Employment and Wages, 2007"	Does not include self-employed
54	2008	Heath Care State Rankings 2009, pg 424	USDHHS "Selected Statistics on Health Profession Shortage Areas" (Sept 30, 2008)	
55	2008	Heath Care State Rankings 2009, pg 454	USDHHS "Selected Statistics on Health Profession Shortage Areas" (Sept 30, 2008)	
56	2008	Heath Care State Rankings 2009, pg 480	USDHHS "Selected Statistics on Health Profession Shortage Areas" (Sept 30, 2008)	
57	2006	Heath Care State Rankings 2009, pg 16	NCHS "National Vital Statistics Reports" (Vol. 57, No. 7, January 7, 2009)	Births of less than 2,500 grams (5lbs 8oz)
58	2006	Heath Care State Rankings 2009, pg 53	NCHS "National Vital Statistics Reports" (Vol. 57, No. 7, January 7, 2009)	Births before 37 weeks of gestation
59	2006	Heath Care State Rankings 2009, pg 36	NCHS "National Vital Statistics Reports" (Vol. 57, No. 7, January 7, 2009)	

Georgia Health Indicators Sources



REFERENCE NO.	YEAR OF DATA	SECONDARY SOURCES OF INDICATORS	PRIMARY SOURCES OF INDICATORS	NOTES ON INDICATORS
60	2008	BRFSS (http://apps.nccd.cdc.gov/brfss/)	BRFSS (http://apps.nccd.cdc.gov/brfss/)	Adults who are limited in any activities because of physical, mental, or emotional problems
61	2008	BRFSS (http://apps.nccd.cdc.gov/brfss/)	BRFSS (http://apps.nccd.cdc.gov/brfss/)	Adults who have been told they currently have asthma
62	2008	BRFSS (http://apps.nccd.cdc.gov/brfss/)	BRFSS (http://apps.nccd.cdc.gov/brfss/)	Does not include pregnancy related
63	2007	America's Health Rankings (http://www.americashealthrankings.org/2008/obesity.html)	Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention	Percentage of the population estimated to be obese, with a body mass index (BMI) of 30.0 or higher
64	2007	YRBSS (http://apps.nccd.cdc.gov/yrbss)	YRBSS (http://apps.nccd.cdc.gov/yrbss)	≥ 85th percentile but < 95th percentile for body mass index, by age and sex. 2007 data available for 38 states only
65	2007	America's Health Rankings (http://www.americashealthrankings.org/2008/mental.html)	Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention	Number of days in the previous 30 days when a person indicates their activities are limited due to mental health difficulties
66	2007	America's Health Rankings (http://www.americashealthrankings.org/2008/physical.html)	Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention	Number of days in the previous 30 days when a person indicates their activities are limited due to physical health difficulties
67	2005-2006	America's Health Rankings (http://www.americashealthrankings.org/2008/imr.html)	National Center for Health Statistics, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, www.cdc.gov/nchs/nvss.htm	Number of infant deaths (before age 1) per 1,000 live births
68	2007	Heath Care State Rankings 2009, pg 91	NCHS "National Vital Statistics Reports" (Vol. 56, No. 21, July 14, 2008)	Provisional Data
69	2008	Heath Care State Rankings 2009, pg 108	ACS, "Cancer Facts & Figures 2008"	Rates calculated using 2008 Census resident population estimates
70	2005	Heath Care State Rankings 2009, pg 138	NCHS "National Vital Statistics Reports" (Vol. 56, No.10, April 24, 2008)	Includes stroke and other disorders of the blood vessels of the brain
71	2005	Heath Care State Rankings 2009, pg 150	NCHS "National Vital Statistics Reports" (Vol. 56, No.10, April 24, 2008)	

Georgia Health Indicators Sources

REFERENCE NO.	YEAR OF DATA	SECONDARY SOURCES OF INDICATORS	PRIMARY SOURCES OF INDICATORS	NOTES ON INDICATORS
72	2005	Heath Care State Rankings 2009, pg 162	NCHS (http://wonder.cdc.gov)	Includes accidents (including motor vehicle), suicides, homicides, and "other" undetermined
73	2005	Heath Care State Rankings 2009, pg 132	NCHS "National Vital Statistics Reports" (Vol. 56, No. 10, April 24, 2008)	Rank out of 38 states
74	2005	Heath Care State Rankings 2009, pg 147	NCHS "National Vital Statistics Reports" (Vol. 56, No. 10, April 24, 2008)	
75	2005	America's Health Rankings (http://www.americashealthrankings.org/2008/ypll.html)	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (http://wonder.cdc.gov)	Number of years of potential life lost prior to age 75 per 100,000 population
76	2003-2005	America's Health Rankings (http://www.americashealthrankings.org/2008/geographic.html)	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (http://wonder.cdc.gov)	The variation in the age-adjusted mortality rate among counties within a state

Georgia Children's Demographics



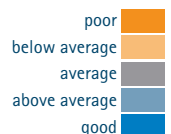
CATEGORY	REFERENCE NO.	INDICATOR*	VALUE OF INDICATOR (GA)	VALUE OF INDICATOR (US)
DEMOGRAPHICS				
Child population by age group				
	1	0-4 yrs	29.1%	28.4%
	2	5-11 yrs	38.4%	37.7%
	3	12-14 yrs	16.0%	16.5%
	4	15-17 yrs	16.5%	17.3%
Child population (<18 yrs) by Gender				
	5	Male	51.1%	51.2%
	6	Female	48.9%	48.8%
Child population (<18 yrs) by Race / Ethnicity				
	7	White alone	51.6%	56.2%
	8	Black or African American alone	32.4%	14.2%
	9	American Indian and Alaskan Native alone	0.2%	0.9%
	10	Asian alone	2.7%	4.0%
	11	Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander alone	0.1%	0.2%
	12	Two or More Race Groups	2.2%	2.8%
Child population (<18 yrs) by Household Type				
	13	Married-couple households	63%	68%
	14	Father only households	7%	7%
	15	Mother only households	29%	25%
	16	Single-parent families	36%	32%
	17	Grandchildren in care of grandparents	6.0%	5.0%
	18	Children living with cohabiting domestic partners	6.0%	7%
Children (<18 yrs) in immigrant families				
	20	Children (<18 yrs) in immigrant families	16%	22%

Georgia Children's Health Indicators



CATEGORY	REFERENCE NO.	INDICATOR*	VALUE OF INDICATOR (GA)	VALUE OF INDICATOR (US)	GEORGIA'S RANK
HEALTH RISKS					
Personal Behaviors					
	1	Cigarette Use in the past month by youth (12-17 years)	10.0%	10.1%	18
	2	% of high school students who met currently recommended levels of Physical Activity	43.8%	34.7%	18
	3	% of high school students who rarely or never wore a Seat Belt when riding a car driven by someone else	8.7%	11.1%	10
	4	Any Illicit Drug Use in past month (12-17 years)	8.7%	9.7%	8
	5	% of Binge Alcohol Drinking among youths (12-17 years)	8.1%	10.0%	5
	6	% of teens not attending School and not working (16-19 years)	11.0%	8%	44
	7	% of high school students who carried a Weapon	19.5%	18.0%	22
SOCIAL DETERMINANTS					
Community Factors					
	8	% of children in Poverty	20.6	18	41
	9	Teens who are High School Dropouts	10%	7%	46
	10	Rate (per 100,000) of persons (<21 years) residing in Juvenile Detention and Correctional Facilities	276	295	25
	11	Persons (<18 years) in Emergency and Transitional Shelters	886	43,887	39
HEALTH CARE DELIVERY					
Spending					
	12	Per capita expenditures for SCHIP	\$35.45	\$19.69	4
Insurance					
	13	% of children (0-17 years) with Insurance	88.5%	89.0%	37
	14	% of children (0-17 years) without Insurance	11.50%	11.5%	37
	15	% of children (0-17 years) covered by Private Insurance	61.4%	64.2%	37
	16	% of children (0-17 years) covered by Employer based Insurance	58.3%	59.5%	35
	17	% of children (0-17 years) covered by Direct Purchase Insurance	3.6%	5.3%	42
	18	% of children (0-17 years) covered by Government Insurance	35.4%	31.0%	13
	19	% of children (0-17 years) covered by Medicaid	30.6%	28.1%	15
	20	SCHIP enrollment (PeachCare in GA)	356,285	7,144,794	4

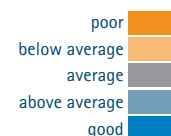
* Source information and notes on indicators (designated by reference numbers) are attached



Georgia Children's Health Indicators

CATEGORY	REFERENCE NO.	INDICATOR*	VALUE OF INDICATOR (GA)	VALUE OF INDICATOR (US)	GEORGIA'S RANK
HEALTH CARE DELIVERY (con't)					
Preventive Services					
	21	Adequacy of Prenatal Care (percent of pregnant women)	68.3	N/A	N/A
	22	% of children (19-35 mos) with Immunization Coverage	80.8%	80.1%	19
Capacity					
	23	Total Medicare & Medicaid Certified Children's Hospitals	2	77	9
	24	Rate of physicians in Pediatrics (per 100,000 population <18 years)	78	99	31
	25	Rate of physicians in Obstetrics and Gynecology (per 100,000 female population)	29	27	11
Access					
	26	Total number of teens (12-17 years) needing but not receiving treatment for Illicit Drug Use in past year	34,000	1,310,000	41
	27	Total number of teens (12-17 years) needing but not receiving treatment for Alcohol Use in past year	34,000	1,047,000	42
HEALTH OUTCOMES					
Birth					
	28	% of Low Birthweight babies	9.6%	8.3%	45
	29	% of Pre-Term Births	14.1%	12.8%	43
	30	Teenage Birth rate (live births per 1,000 females 15-19 years old)	54.2	41.9	41
Mortality					
	31	Infant Mortality rate (infant deaths per 1,000 live births)	8	6.8	40
	32	Child Death rate (deaths per 100,000 children between 1-14 years)	21	19	26
Morbidity					
	33	% of children with Asthma problems (<18 years)	22.1%	20.3%	19
	34	Cumulative number of children with AIDS (<13 years)	240	9,590	42
	35	Cumulative HIV Infection cases in children (<13 years)	218	5,822	42
	36	% of Overweight or Obese children and teens (10-17 years)	37.0%	32.0%	47
	37	% of Overweight high school students	18.2%	15.8%	38
	38	Serious Psychological Distress in past yr in 18-25 year olds	18.2%	17.8%	24
	39	% of students who felt so Sad or Hopeless almost every day for >2 weeks in a row that they stopped doing some usual activities during the past 12 months	29.8%	28.5%	32
	40	Child Abuse Victimization Rate (victims per 1,000 children)	14.1	10.6	37

* Source information and notes on indicators (designated by reference numbers) are attached



Georgia Children's Health Indicators



UNITED STATES – 10 LEADING CAUSES OF DEATH, 2006, BOTH SEXES, ALL RACES					
	<1 year	1–4 years	5–9 years	10–14 years	15–24 years
1	Congenital Anomalies	Unintentional Injury	Unintentional Injury	Unintentional Injury	Unintentional Injury
2	Short Gestation	Congenital Anomalies	Malignant Neoplasms	Malignant Neoplasms	Homicide
3	SIDS	Malignant Neoplasms	Congenital Anomalies	Homicide	Suicide
4	Maternal Pregnancy Comp.	Homicide	Homicide	Suicide	Malignant Neoplasms
5	Unintentional Injury	Heart Disease	Heart Disease	Heart Disease	Heart Disease
6	Placenta Cord Membranes	Influenza & Pneumonia	Chronic Low. Respiratory Disease	Congenital Anomalies	Congenital Anomalies
7	Respiratory Distress	Septicemia	Cerebrovascular	Chronic Low. Respiratory Disease	Cerebrovascular
8	Bacterial Sepsis	Perinatal Period	Influenza & Pneumonia	Cerebrovascular	HIV
9	Neonatal Hemorrhage	Benign Neoplasms	Septicemia	Septicemia	Influenza & Pneumonia
10	Circulatory System Disease	Cerebrovascular	Benign Neoplasms	Benign Neoplasms	Complicated Pregnancy

SOURCE: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Center for Injury Prevention and Control
<http://webapp.cdc.gov/sasweb/ncipc/leadcaus10.htm>

Shaded areas indicate ties in rank

GEORGIA – 10 LEADING CAUSES OF DEATH, 2006, BOTH SEXES, ALL RACES					
	<1 year	1–4 years	5–9 years	10–14 years	15–24 years
1	Short Gestation	Unintentional Injury	Unintentional Injury	Unintentional Injury	Unintentional Injury
2	Congenital Anomalies	Congenital Anomalies	Malignant Neoplasms	Malignant Neoplasms	Homicide
3	SIDS	Homicide	Chronic Low. Respiratory Disease	Heart Disease	Suicide
4	Respiratory Distress	Malignant Neoplasms	Congenital Anomalies	Chronic Low. Respiratory Disease	Malignant Neoplasms
5	Maternal Pregnancy Comp.	Influenza & Pneumonia	Heart Disease	Congenital Anomalies	Heart Disease
6	Necrotizing Enterocolitis	Septicemia	Benign Neoplasms	Diabetes Mellitus	Congenital Anomalies
7	Placenta Cord Membranes	Heart Disease	Homicide	Suicide	HIV
8	Bacterial Sepsis	Perinatal Period	Septicemia	Cerebrovascular	Diabetes Mellitus
9	Unintentional Injury	Benign Neoplasms	Peptic Ulcer	Homicide	Influenza & Pneumonia
10	Gastritis	Cerebrovascular		Influenza & Pneumonia	Complicated Pregnancy
		Diabetes Mellitus		Septicemia	
		Pneumonitis			

SOURCE: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Center for Injury Prevention and Control
<http://webapp.cdc.gov/sasweb/ncipc/leadcaus10.html>

Shaded areas indicate ties in rank

Georgia Children's Health Indicators

GEORGIA – 10 LEADING CAUSES OF DEATH, 1999, BOTH SEXES, ALL RACES				
<1 year	1-4 years	5-9 years	10-14 years	15-24 years
1 Congenital Anomalies	Unintentional Injury	Unintentional Injury	Unintentional Injury	Unintentional Injury
2 Short Gestation	Homicide	Malignant Neoplasms	Malignant Neoplasms	Homicide
3 SIDS	Malignant Neoplasms	Homicide	Congenital Anomalies	Suicide
4 Respiratory Distress	Congenital Anomalies	Congenital Anomalies	Heart Disease	Malignant Neoplasms
5 Atelectasis	Chronic Lower Respiratory Disease	Heart Disease	Homicide	Heart Disease
6 Unintentional Injury	Influenza & Pneumonia	Benign Neoplasms	Suicide	Congenital Anomalies
7 Bacterial Sepsis	Perinatal Period	HIV	Chronic Lower Respiratory Disease	HIV
8 Maternal Pregnancy Comp.	Anemias	Septicemia	Influenza & Pneumonia	Complicated Pregnancy
9 Circulatory System Disease	Septicemia	Cerebrovascular	Anemias	Cerebrovascular
10 Necrotizing Enterocolitis	Heart Disease	Influenza & Pneumonia	6-tied*	Influenza & Pneumonia

SOURCE: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Center for Injury Prevention and Control - <http://webapp.cdc.gov/sasweb/ncipc/leadcaus10.html>

Shaded areas indicate ties in rank

Benign Neoplasms
Cerebrovascular
Diseases of Appendix
HIV, Nephritis, Perinatal
Period

Georgia Children's Health Indicators



GEORGIA – 10 LEADING CAUSES OF DEATH, 2006, BOTH SEXES, AGES 1-24					
	White	Black	Asian/Pacific Islander	American Indian/ Alaskan Native	Other
1	Unintentional Injury	Unintentional Injury	Unintentional Injury	Unintentional Injury	Unintentional Injury
2	Suicide	Homicide	Homicide	Heart Disease	Homicide
3	Homicide	Malignant Neoplasms	Malignant Neoplasms	Influenza & Pneumonia	Heart Disease
4	Malignant Neoplasms	Suicide	Heart Disease		Malignant Neoplasms
5	Heart Disease	Heart Disease	Suicide		Suicide
6	Congenital Anomalies	Congenital Anomalies	Perinatal Period		Influenza & Pneumonia
7	Influenza & Pneumonia	HIV	Pneumonitis		Perinatal Period
8	Cerebrovascular	Chronic Lower Respiratory Disease			Pneumonitis
9	Septicemia	Septicemia			
10	Diabetes Mellitus	Anemias			
		Diabetes Mellitus			

SOURCE: National Center for Injury Prevention and Control
<http://webapp.cdc.gov/sasweb/ncipc/leadcaus10.html>

Shaded areas indicate ties in rank

GEORGIA – 10 LEADING CAUSES OF DEATH, 2006, ALL RACES, AGES 1-24	
Male	Female
1 Unintentional Injury	Unintentional Injury
2 Homicide	Malignant Neoplasms
3 Suicide	Homicide
4 Malignant Neoplasms	Heart Disease
5 Heart Disease	Congenital Anomalies
6 Congenital Anomalies	Suicide
7 Septicemia	Diabetes Mellitus
8 Chronic Lower Respiratory Disease	Influenza & Pneumonia
9 HIV	Complicated Pregnancy
10 Influenza & Pneumonia	Chronic Lower Respiratory Disease
	HIV
	Septicemia

SOURCE: National Center for Injury Prevention and Control
<http://webapp.cdc.gov/sasweb/ncipc/leadcaus10.html>

Shaded areas indicate ties in rank

Georgia Children's Health Rankings

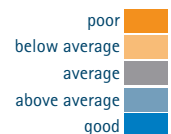


INDICATORS WITH RANK: 1- 10		RANK
Per capita expenditures for SCHIP		4
SCHIP enrollment (PeachCare in GA)		4
% of Binge Alcohol Drinking among youths (12-17 years)		5
Any Illicit Drug Use in past month (12-17 years)		7
Cigarette Use in the past month by youth (12-17 years)		9
Total Medicare & Medicaid Certified Children's Hospitals		9
% of high school students who rarely or never wore a Seat Belt when riding a car driven by someone else		10
TOTAL INDICATORS		7
INDICATORS WITH RANK: 11- 20		RANK
Rate of physicians in Obstetrics and Gynecology (per 100,000 female population)		11
% of children (0-17 years) covered by Government Insurance		13
% of children (0-17 years) covered by Medicaid		15
% of high school students who carried a Weapon		16
% of high school students who met currently recommended levels of Physical Activity		18
% of children (19-35 months) with Immunization Coverage		19
% of children with Asthma problems (<18 years)		19
TOTAL INDICATORS		7
INDICATORS WITH RANK: 21-30		RANK
Serious Psychological Distress in past yr in 18-25 year olds		23
Rate (per 100,000) of persons (<21 years) residing in Juvenile Detention and Correctional Facilities		25
Child Death rate (deaths per 100,000 children between 1-14 years)		27
TOTAL INDICATORS		3
INDICATORS WITH RANK: 31-40		RANK
Rate of physicians in Pediatrics (per 100,000 population <18 years)		31
% of students who felt so Sad or Hopeless almost every day for >2 weeks in a row that they stopped doing some usual activities during the past 12 months		32
% of children (0-17 years) covered by Private Insurance		34
% of children (0-17 years) covered by Employer based Insurance		35
% of Overweight or Obese children and teens (10-17 years)		36
Child Abuse Victimization Rate (victims per 1000 children)		37
% of children (0-17 years) with Insurance		37
% of children (0-17 years) without Insurance		37
% of Overweight high school students		38

Georgia Children's Health Rankings

INDICATORS WITH RANK: 31-40 (CONTINUED)		RANK
Persons (<18 years) in Emergency and Transitional Shelters		39
Infant Mortality rate (infant deaths per 1,000 live births)		40
Total number of teens (12-17 years) needing but not receiving treatment for Alcohol Use in past year		40
TOTAL INDICATORS		12

INDICATORS WITH RANK: 41- 50		RANK
% of children in Poverty		41
Teenage Birth rate (live births per 1,000 females 15-19 years old)		41
Total number of teens (12-17 years) needing but not receiving treatment for Illicit Drug Use in past year		41
Cumulative HIV Infection cases in children (<13 years)		42
Cumulative number of children with AIDS (<13 years)		42
% of Pre-Term Births		43
% of children (0-17 years) covered by Direct Purchase Insurance		43
% of teens not attending School and not working (16-19 years)		44
% of Low Birthweight babies		45
Teens who are High School Dropouts		46
TOTAL INDICATORS		10



Georgia Children's Demographics Sources



REFERENCE NO.	YEAR OF DATA	SECONDARY SOURCES OF INDICATORS	PRIMARY SOURCES OF INDICATORS	NOTES ON INDICATORS
1	2008	The Annie E. Casey Foundation, Kids Count data (www.aecf.org/kidscount)	Population Division, U.S. Census Bureau	
2	2008	The Annie E. Casey Foundation, Kids Count data (www.aecf.org/kidscount)	Population Division, U.S. Census Bureau	
3	2008	The Annie E. Casey Foundation, Kids Count data (www.aecf.org/kidscount)	Population Division, U.S. Census Bureau	
4	2008	The Annie E. Casey Foundation, Kids Count data (www.aecf.org/kidscount)	Population Division, U.S. Census Bureau	
5	2008	The Annie E. Casey Foundation, Kids Count data (www.aecf.org/kidscount)	Population Division, U.S. Census Bureau	
6	2008	The Annie E. Casey Foundation, Kids Count data (www.aecf.org/kidscount)	Population Division, U.S. Census Bureau	
7	2008	The Annie E. Casey Foundation, Kids Count data (www.aecf.org/kidscount)	Population Division, U.S. Census Bureau	
8	2008	The Annie E. Casey Foundation, Kids Count data (www.aecf.org/kidscount)	Population Division, U.S. Census Bureau	
9	2008	The Annie E. Casey Foundation, Kids Count data (www.aecf.org/kidscount)	Population Division, U.S. Census Bureau	
10	2008	The Annie E. Casey Foundation, Kids Count data (www.aecf.org/kidscount)	Population Division, U.S. Census Bureau	
11	2008	The Annie E. Casey Foundation, Kids Count data (www.aecf.org/kidscount)	Population Division, U.S. Census Bureau	
12	2008	The Annie E. Casey Foundation, Kids Count data (www.aecf.org/kidscount)	Population Division, U.S. Census Bureau	
13	2007	The Annie E. Casey Foundation, Kids Count data (www.aecf.org/kidscount)	Population Reference Bureau, analysis of data from the U.S. Census Bureau, Census 2000 Supplementary Survey, 2001 Supplementary Survey, 2002 through 2007 American Community Survey	
14	2007	The Annie E. Casey Foundation, Kids Count data (www.aecf.org/kidscount)	Population Reference Bureau, analysis of data from the U.S. Census Bureau, Census 2000 Supplementary Survey, 2001 Supplementary Survey, 2002 through 2007 American Community Survey	
15	2007	The Annie E. Casey Foundation, Kids Count data (www.aecf.org/kidscount)	Population Reference Bureau, analysis of data from the U.S. Census Bureau, Census 2000 Supplementary Survey, 2001 Supplementary Survey, 2002 through 2007 American Community Survey	
16	2007	The Annie E. Casey Foundation, Kids Count data (www.aecf.org/kidscount)	Population Reference Bureau, analysis of data from the U.S. Census Bureau, Census 2000 Supplementary Survey, 2001 Supplementary Survey, 2002 through 2007 American Community Survey	

Georgia Children's Demographics Sources

REFERENCE NO.	YEAR OF DATA	SECONDARY SOURCES OF INDICATORS	PRIMARY SOURCES OF INDICATORS	NOTES ON INDICATORS
17	2007	The Annie E. Casey Foundation, Kids Count data (www.aecf.org/kidscount)	Population Reference Bureau, analysis of data from the U.S. Census Bureau, Census 2000 Supplementary Survey, 2001 Supplementary Survey, 2002 through 2007 American Community Survey	
18	2007	The Annie E. Casey Foundation, Kids Count data (www.aecf.org/kidscount)	Population Reference Bureau, analysis of data from the U.S. Census Bureau, Census 2000 Supplementary Survey, 2001 Supplementary Survey, 2002 through 2007 American Community Survey	
20	2007	The Annie E. Casey Foundation, Kids Count data (www.aecf.org/kidscount)	Population Reference Bureau, analysis of data from the U.S. Census Bureau, Census 2000 Supplementary Survey, 2001 Supplementary Survey, 2002 through 2007 American Community Survey	The share of children foreign-born or with at least one foreign-born parent

Georgia Children's Health Indicators Sources



REFERENCE NO.	YEAR OF DATA	SECONDARY SOURCES OF INDICATORS	PRIMARY SOURCES OF INDICATORS	NOTES ON INDICATORS
1	2006-2007	SAHMSA (http://www.oas.samhsa.gov/2k7State/AppB.htm#TabB-14)	SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2006 and 2007	District of Columbia not included
2	2007	MMWR Surveillance Summaries, June 6, 2008/ 55(SS4); 1-131 (http://www.cdc.gov/mmwr/preview/mmwrhtml/ss5704a1.htm)	Youth Risk Behavior Surveillance System (http://www.cdc.gov/HealthyYouth/yrbs/index.htm)	% of students who were physically active for 60 minutes on 5 or more of the past 7 days. 2007 data available for 39 states only
3	2007	MMWR Surveillance Summaries, June 6, 2008/ 55(SS4); 1-131 (http://www.cdc.gov/mmwr/preview/mmwrhtml/ss5704a1.htm)	Youth Risk Behavior Surveillance System (http://www.cdc.gov/HealthyYouth/yrbs/index.htm)	Data Available for 38 states only in 2007 Survey
4	2005-2006	SAHMSA (http://www.oas.samhsa.gov/2k7State/AppB.htm#TabB-1)	SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2006 and 2007	Includes marijuana/hashish, cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or prescription-type psychotherapeutics used nonmedically
5	2005-2006	SAHMSA (http://www.oas.samhsa.gov/2k7State/AppB.htm#TabB-10)	SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2006 and 2007	District of Columbia not Included; Binge drinking: five or more drinks on the same occasion
6	2007	The Annie E. Casey Foundation, Kids Count data (www.aecf.org/kidscount)	Population Reference Bureau, analysis of data from the U.S. Census Bureau, Census 2000 Supplementary Survey, 2001 Supplementary Survey, 2002 through 2007 American Community Survey	Teenagers between age 16 and 19 who are not enrolled in school (full- or part-time) and not employed (full- or part-time)
7	2007	MMWR Surveillance Summaries, June 6, 2008/ 55(SS4); 1-131 (http://www.cdc.gov/mmwr/preview/mmwrhtml/ss5704a1.htm)	Youth Risk Behavior Surveillance System (http://www.cdc.gov/HealthyYouth/yrbs/index.htm)	High school students who carried weapons e.g., gun, knife, or club on ≥ 1 of the 30 days preceding the survey. 2007 data available for 39 states only
8	2007	America's Health Rankings (http://www.americashealthrankings.org/2008/poverty.html)	March 2008, Current Population Survey, U.S. Census Bureau	
9	2007	The Annie E. Casey Foundation, Kids Count data (www.aecf.org/kidscount)	Population Reference Bureau, analysis of data from the U.S. Census Bureau, Census 2000 Supplementary Survey, 2001 Supplementary Survey, 2002 through 2007 American Community Survey	
10	2006	The Annie E. Casey Foundation, Kids Count data (www.aecf.org/kidscount)	Sickmund, Melissa, Sladky, T.J., and Kang, Wei. (2005) "Census of Juveniles in Residential Placement Databook." (http://www.ojjdp.ncjrs.org/ojstatbb/cjrp/)	Persons under age 21 detained, incarcerated, or placed in residential facilities

Georgia Children's Health Indicators Sources

REFERENCE NO.	YEAR OF DATA	SECONDARY SOURCES OF INDICATORS	PRIMARY SOURCES OF INDICATORS	NOTES ON INDICATORS
11	2000	U.S.Census Bureau (www.census.gov/prod/2001pubs/censr01-2.pdf)	U.S. Census Bureau, Census 2000, unpublished tabulations	
12	2007	Heath Care State Rankings 2009, pg 268	CMS 'Statement of Expenditures for the SCHIP Program" (CMS-21 Report)	
13	2007	http://www.census.gov/hhes/www/hlthins/data_access.html	U.S. Census Bureau, Current Population Survey, Annual Social and Economic Supplement, 2008	
14	2007	http://www.census.gov/hhes/www/hlthins/data_access.html	U.S. Census Bureau, Current Population Survey, Annual Social and Economic Supplement, 2008	
15	2007	http://www.census.gov/hhes/www/hlthins/data_access.html	U.S. Census Bureau, Current Population Survey, Annual Social and Economic Supplement, 2008	
16	2007	http://www.census.gov/hhes/www/hlthins/data_access.html	U.S. Census Bureau, Current Population Survey, Annual Social and Economic Supplement, 2008	
17	2007	http://www.census.gov/hhes/www/hlthins/data_access.html	U.S. Census Bureau, Current Population Survey, Annual Social and Economic Supplement, 2008	
18	2007	http://www.census.gov/hhes/www/hlthins/data_access.html	U.S. Census Bureau, Current Population Survey, Annual Social and Economic Supplement, 2008	
19	2007	http://www.census.gov/hhes/www/hlthins/data_access.html	U.S. Census Bureau, Current Population Survey, Annual Social and Economic Supplement, 2008	
20	2007	Heath Care State Rankings 2009, pg 264	CMS "Children's Health Insurance Program Annual Enrollment Report"	
21	2005	America's Health Rankings (http://www.americashealthrankings.org/2008/prenatal.html)	National Center for Health Statistics, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention	% of pregnant women receiving adequate prenatal care, as defined by Kotelchuck's Adequacy of Prenatal Care Utilization (APNCU) Index
22	2007	America's Health Rankings (http://www.americashealthrankings.org/2008/immunization.html)	National Immunization Program, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention	Percentage of children ages 19 to 35 months who have received 4+ doses of DTP, 3+ doses of poliovirus vaccine, 1+ doses of any measles-containing vaccine, 3+ doses of HiB, and 3+ doses of HepB vaccine

Georgia Children's Health Indicators Sources



REFERENCE NO.	YEAR OF DATA	SECONDARY SOURCES OF INDICATORS	PRIMARY SOURCES OF INDICATORS	NOTES ON INDICATORS
23	2009	Heath Care State Rankings 2009, pg 212	CMS OSCAR Report (January 05, 2009)	Excludes licensed facilities that do not accept federal funding and facilities managed by the Department of Veterans Affairs
24	2007	Heath Care State Rankings 2009, pg 434	American Medical Association (2009 Ed.) "Physician Characteristics and Distribution in the U.S."	Pediatrics includes Adolescent Medicine, Neonatal-Perinatal, Pediatric Allergy, Pediatric Endocrinology, Pediatric Pulmonology, Pediatric Hematology-Oncology and Pediatric Nephrology
25	2007	Heath Care State Rankings 2009, pg 441	American Medical Association (2009 Ed.) "Physician Characteristics and Distribution in the U.S."	Obstetrics and Gynecology includes Gynecology and Oncology, Maternal and Fetal Medicine, and Reproductive Endocrinology
26	2006-2007	SAMHSA (http://www.oas.samhsa.gov/2k7/state/ageTabs.htm)	SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2006 and 2007	Refers to respondents classified as needing treatment for illicit drugs, but not receiving treatment for an illicit drug problem at a specialty facility
27	2006-2007	SAMHSA (http://www.oas.samhsa.gov/2k7/state/ageTabs.htm)	SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2006 and 2007	Refers to respondents classified as needing treatment for alcohol, but not receiving treatment for an alcohol problem at a specialty facility
28	2006	Heath Care State Rankings 2009, pg 16	NCHS "National Vital Statistics Reports" (Vol. 57, No. 7, January 7, 2009)	Low Birthweight babies (< 2,500 grams) as a % of all live births
29	2006	Heath Care State Rankings 2009, pg 53	NCHS "National Vital Statistics Reports" (Vol. 57, No. 7, January 7, 2009)	Births before 37 weeks of gestation
30	2006	Heath Care State Rankings 2009, pg 36	NCHS "National Vital Statistics Reports" (Vol. 57, No. 7, January 7, 2009)	
31	2005-2006	America's Health Rankings (http://www.americashealthrankings.org/2008/imr.html)	National Center for Health Statistics, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, www.cdc.gov/nchs/nvss.htm	Number of infant deaths (before age 1) per 1,000 live births.

Children's Health Indicators Sources

REFERENCE NO.	YEAR OF DATA	SECONDARY SOURCES OF INDICATORS	PRIMARY SOURCES OF INDICATORS	NOTES ON INDICATORS
32	2006	The Annie E. Casey Foundation, Kids Count data (www.aecf.org/kidscount)	Population Reference Bureau, analysis of data from the Multiple Causes of Death Public Use Files for 2006 CD-Rom	
33	2007	MMWR Surveillance Summaries, June 6, 2008/ 55(SS4); 1-131 (http://www.cdc.gov/mmwr/preview/mmwrhtml/ss5704a1.htm)	Youth Risk Behavior Surveillance System (http://www.cdc.gov/HealthyYouth/yrbs/index.htm)	Percentage of high school students who have ever been told by a doctor/nurse that they had had lifetime asthma
34	2007	Kaiser Family Foundation (www.statehealthfacts.org)	Table 16, HIV/AIDS Surveillance Report: Cases of HIV Infection and AIDS in the United States and Dependent Areas	Cumulative through 2007
35	2007	Kaiser Family Foundation (www.statehealthfacts.org)	Table 17, HIV/AIDS Surveillance Report: Cases of HIV Infection and AIDS in the United States and Dependent Areas	Cumulative HIV Infection cases in children <13, reported through 2005 among states with confidential name-based HIV-Reporting. Includes data from 47 states
36	2007	The Annie E. Casey Foundation, Kids Count data (www.aecf.org/kidscount)	Child Trends analysis of data from the National Survey of Children's Health	
37	2007	YRBSS (http://apps.nccd.cdc.gov/yrbs)	YRBSS (http://apps.nccd.cdc.gov/yrbs)	≥ 85th percentile but < 95th percentile for body mass index, by age and sex. 2007 data available for 38 states only.
38	2006-2007	SAHMSA (http://www.oas.samhsa.gov/2k7State/AppB.htm#TabB-23)	SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2006 and 2007	Serious psychological distress (SPD) is defined as having a score of 13 or higher on the K6 scale.
39	2007	YRBSS (http://apps.nccd.cdc.gov/yrbs)	YRBSS (http://apps.nccd.cdc.gov/yrbs)	Rank out of 38 states
40	2007	U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Administration on Children, Youth and Families. Child Maltreatment 2007	U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Administration on Children, Youth and Families. Child Maltreatment 2007	Rank out of 48 states. Victims of child abuse or neglect

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